exceed 2 years, waive this requirement if:

- (1) The CMA can establish to CCC that such authorization is necessary for the efficient operation of the CMA;
- (2) The CMA's plan, approved by CCC, will bring the CMA into compliance with the provisions of this section.
- (b) Commodities purchased or acquired from CCC and processed products acquired from other processors or merchandisers shall not be considered in determining the volume of member or nonmember business.

§ 1425.15 Vested authority.

The marketing agreement between the CMA and its members shall give the CMA the authority to pledge the commodity as collateral for a loan, to place a lien on such commodity, and to market the commodity on behalf of its members even though the individual members retain the right, in effect, to determine the price at which the commodity can be marketed by the CMA.

§1425.16 Payment limitation.

CMA's shall monitor market gains they receive from CCC on behalf of their members and not obtain market gains for a member above the member's payment limitation determined in accordance with part 1400 of this chapter.

§ 1425.17 Eligible commodity and pooling.

- (a) A CMA may establish separate loan pools as needed for quantities of a commodity.
- (b) Loans and, if applicable, LDP's will be available to CMA's for any eligible commodity in a loan pool as provided in paragraph (e) of this section and the beneficial interest provisions of parts 1421 and 1427 of this chapter.
- (c) A pool shall be eligible for loans and LDP's if:
- (1) All of the commodity in the pool is eligible for loans or LDP's, except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section:
- (2) The commodity was delivered by members to the CMA for their benefit;
- (3) The commodity was delivered and the members are eligible for loans and LDP's:

- (4) Members retain the right to share in marketing proceeds from the commodity in accordance with §1425.18; and
- (5) Members agreed to accept a payment of initial advances from the CMA in accordance with §1425.18(a).
- (d) Ineligible commodities may be included in eligible pools when:
- (1) The CMA inadvertently included ineligible quantities based on grade, quality, bale weight or repacking in the case of cotton, or other factors; or
- (2) There are eligibility discrepancies within FSA records, the producer has certified to the CMA that the commodity is eligible for loan, and there is no market gain or LDP involved in the loan pool for the crop year.
- (e) A CMA may, for a period of time as specified in Handbook 1-CMA, include a commodity that is ineligible based on FSA records when the producer has certified to the CMA the commodity is eligible. In these instances, CCC specifies a time period during which CMA's may obtain loan or LDP's on the applicable quantity while the eligibility status is resolved. If the final resolution is that the commodity was ineligible, the CMA must repay any loans outstanding with principal plus interest and any market gains obtained plus interest from the date of receiving the market gain through the repayment date.
- (f) The CMA must have in inventory a quantity of commodity delivered by members of each class and grade at least equal to the quantity each class and grade pledged as loan collateral.
- (g) Loans will be available to the CMA for the quantity of a farm-stored commodity that is, pursuant to such CMA marketing agreement with a member, part of the CMA's loan pool.
- (h) A CMA shall have identity-preserved loan pool commodities stored in approved warehouses while the commodities are pledged as collateral for loan.
- (i) Loan eligibility for commingled commodities stored on a farm or in a warehouse may be transferred to an approved warehouse.
- (j) Commodities pledged as collateral for CCC loans shall be free and clear of all liens and encumbrances based on a CMA's financial agreements or the CMA shall obtain a completed form

§ 1425.18

CCC-679, Lien Waiver. When liens are applicable based on CMA financial agreements, the CMA shall provide CCC the completed CCC-679. CMA's shall not take any action to cause a lien or encumbrance to be placed on a commodity after a loan is approved.

- (k) If a loan or LDP is obtained for any quantity in a loan pool, allocations of costs and expenses among separate pools for the commodity in the pool shall be made according to generally accepted accounting principles.
- (1) A CMA shall not apply marketing losses from a commodity not used to obtain a loan or LDP against the marketing proceeds of a commodity used to obtain a loan or LDP.
- (m) CMA's shall not carry forward losses from one loan pool and apply them against a subsequent loan pool without CCC's authorization. CCC may grant authorization when it determines that carrying forward the loss complies with CCC's loan and LDP program intent.
- (n) The CMA is responsible to CCC for any loss related to commodities the CMA pledged as collateral for loan or used to obtain LDP related to:
- (1) The CMA failing to comply with these regulations:
- (2) Changes in quantity or quality of either warehouse or farm stored commodities; or
- (3) Liens based on either the CMA's or its members' financial agreements.

§ 1425.18 Distribution of proceeds.

- (a)(1) If CCC makes loans or LDP's for any quantity in a loan pool, the related proceeds shall be distributed or otherwise made available to the members account:
- (i) Based on the quantity and quality of the commodity delivered by each member;
- (ii) Less any authorized charges for services performed or paid by the CMA necessary to condition or otherwise make the commodity eligible for loans or LDP's, according to the marketing agreement provided for in §1425.13;
- (iii) Within 15 work days from the date the CMA receives loan or LDP proceeds from CCC, or held according to the terms of a deferred payment agreement if requested by the member.

- (2) CMA's may credit advances to its members made before loans and LDP's are obtained against the distribution of loan and LDP proceeds requirement in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section.
- (b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, loan pool proceeds shall not be combined with non-loan pool proceeds and the CMA shall distribute loan pool proceeds according to the information it provided CCC in accordance with §1425.4(b)(7).
- (2) Sales proceeds from a loan pool may be combined with sales proceeds from other pools if the proceeds from such pools are allocated among the pools according to the quantity and quality of the commodity included in the pools.
- (3) Loan and LDP proceeds shall only be issued to members involved in pools used for loans or LDP's.
- (4) When notified by CCC that loan and LDP distributions to a member must be reduced for a program year, farm, or crop, a CMA shall not make subsequent pool distributions and shall reimburse CCC for distributions previously issued, if applicable.

[63 FR 17312, Apr. 9, 1998, as amended at 71 FR 42750, July 28, 2006]

§ 1425.19 Member cooperatives.

A CMA may obtain loans or LDP's on behalf of a member cooperative when the member cooperative is itself a CMA operating in accordance with this part. Loans and LDP's are restricted based on the CMA obtaining the loan or LDP.

§1425.20 [Reserved]

§1425.21 Records required.

- (a) A CMA shall maintain records for each loan or LDP commodity showing the quantity:
- (1) Received from each member and nonmember;
- (2) Eligible for loans and LDP's:
- (3) By quality factors specified in the applicable commodity regulations including class, grade, and quality, where applicable; and
- (4) Of unprocessed inventory broken down by items 1 through 3 above.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, inventory shall be allocated in the following manner until all inventory in a loan pool is depleted: